SPEAKER CIRCUIT

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The sound signal that has been amplified by the stereo component amplifier assy is sent to the speaker from the stereo component amplifier assy through this circuit.

If there is a short in this circuit, the stereo component amplifier assy detects it and stops output to the speakers.

Thus sound can not be heard from the speaker even if there is no malfunction in the stereo component amplifier assy or speaker.

Standard System:

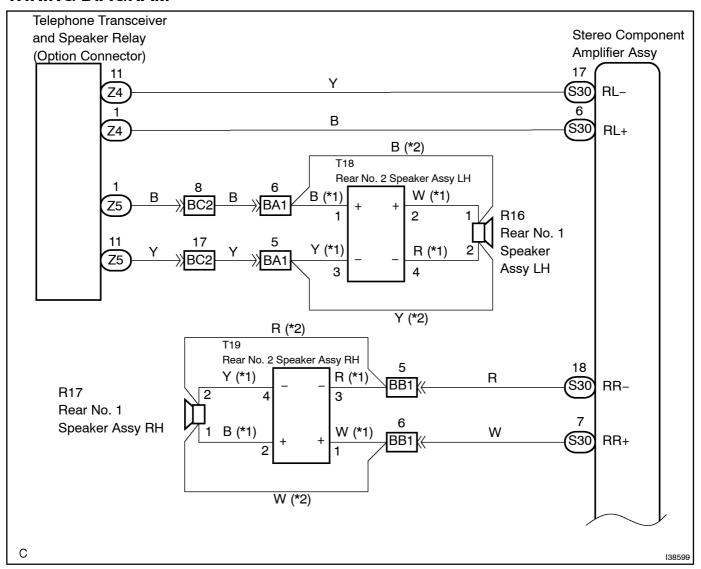
There are two circuits that detect a short circuit.

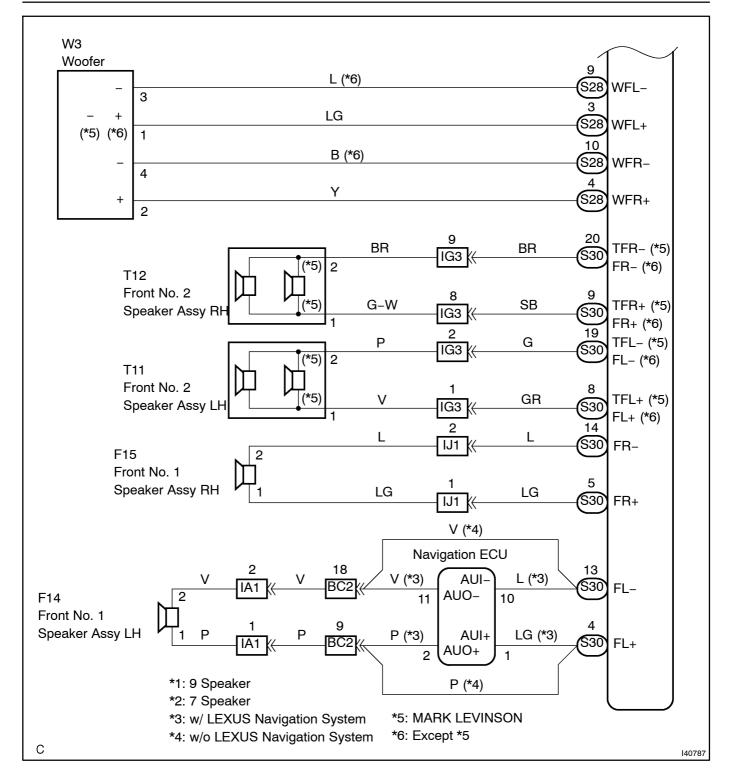
- When a short in the woofer speaker circuit is detected, sound output from only the woofer speaker circuit stops.
- When a short in the other circuits is detected, sound output from the circuits other than the woofer speaker circuit is stopped.

Mark Levinson System:

When a short in the speaker circuit is detected, all sound output is stopped.

WIRING DIAGRAM

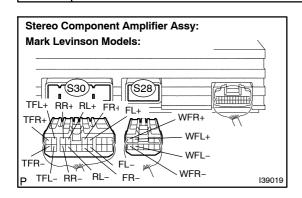


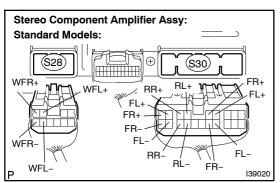


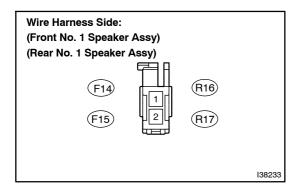
INSPECTION PROCEDURE

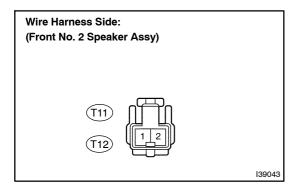
1

CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR(STEREO COMPONENT AMPLIFIER ASSY – SPEAKER ASSY)





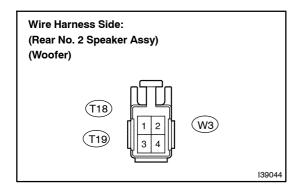




- (a) Disconnect the connectors from the stereo component amplifier assy S28, S30 and speakers.
- (b) Measure resistance between terminals of stereo component amplifier assy and speakers.

Standard: Below 1 Ω

(c) Measure resistance between terminals of stereo component amplifier assy and body ground.



NG REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

OK

2 INSPECT FRONT NO.1 SPEAKER ASSY

- (a) Resistance check.
 - (1) Measure the resistance between the terminals of the speaker.

NOTICE:

The speaker should not be removed for checking.

Standard:

Standard models: 2 Ω

Mark Levinson models: 8 Ω

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REPLACE FRONT NO.1 SPEAKER ASSY

(SEE PAGE 67-18)

OK

3 INSPECT FRONT NO.2 SPEAKER ASSY

(a) Check that malfunction disappears when another speaker in a good condition is installed. **OK: Malfunction disappears.**

HINT:

- Connect all the connectors to the speakers.
- When there is a possibility that either right or left front speaker is defective, inspect by interchanging the right one and the left one.

ok ,

REPLACE FRONT NO.2 SPEAKER ASSY (SEE PAGE 67-21)

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4 INSPECT REAR NO. 1 SPEAKER ASSY

- (a) Resistance check.
 - (1) Measure the resistance between the terminals of the speaker.

NOTICE:

The speaker should not be removed for checking.

Standard:

Standard models: 4 Ω Mark Levinson models: 8 Ω

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REPLACE REAR NO. 1 SPEAKER ASSY (SEE PAGE 67-19)

OK

5 INSPECT REAR NO. 2 SPEAKER ASSY

(a) Check that malfunction disappears when another speaker in a good condition is installed. **OK: Malfunction disappears.**

HINT:

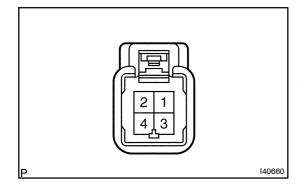
- Connect all the connectors to the speakers.
- When there is a possibility that either right or left front speaker is defective, inspect by interchanging the right one and the left one.

OK \

REPLACE REAR NO. 2 SPEAKER ASSY (SEE PAGE 67-22)

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6 INSPECT WOOFER



- (a) Resistance check.
 - (1) Measure the resistance between the terminals of the speaker.

NOTICE:

The speaker should not be removed for checking. Standard:

Tester connection	Specified Condition
1 – 3	2 Ω ^{*1}
2 – 4	2 Ω ^{*1}
1 – 2	14.5 Ω ^{*2}

*1: Standard models

*2: Mark Levinson models

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REPLACE WOOFER (SEE PAGE 67-20)

OK

PROCEED TO NEXT CIRCUIT INSPECTION SHOWN ON PROBLEM SYMPTOMS TABLE (SEE PAGE 05–1732)