DTC	P0327	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit Low Input (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)
DTC	P0328	Knock Sensor 1 Circuit High Input (Bank 1 or Single Sensor)
DTC	P0332	Knock Sensor 2 Circuit Low Input (Bank 2)
DTC	P0333	Knock Sensor 2 Circuit High Input (Bank 2)

DESCRIPTION

A flat type knock sensor (non-resonant type) has a structure that can detect vibrations over a wide band of frequencies: between approximately 6 kHz and 15 kHz.

Knock sensors are fitted onto the engine block to detect engine knocking.

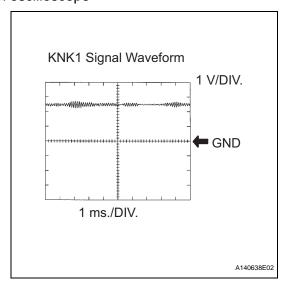
The knock sensor contains a piezoelectric element which generates a voltage when it becomes deformed. The voltage is generated when the engine block vibrates due to knocking. Any occurrence of engine knocking can be suppressed by delaying the ignition timing.

DTC No.	DTC Detection Condition	Trouble Area
P0327 P0332	Output voltage of knock sensor 1 or 2 is 0.5 V or less (1 trip detection logic)	 Short in knock sensor 1 or 2 circuit Knock sensor 1 or 2 ECM
P0328 P0333	Output voltage of knock sensor 1 or 2 is 4.5 V or more (1 trip detection logic)	 Open in knock sensor 1 or 2 circuit Knock sensor 1 or 2 ECM

HINT:

When any of DTCs P0327, P0328, P0332 and P0333 are set, the ECM enters fail-safe mode. During fail-safe mode, the ignition timing is delayed to its maximum retardation. Fail-safe mode continues until the engine switch is turned off.

Reference: Inspection using an oscilloscope



The correct waveform is as shown.

Item	Content
Terminals	KNK1 - EKNK or
	KNK2 -EKN2

<u>ES</u>

Item	Content
Equipment Settings	0.01 to 10 V/DIV. 0.01 to 10 ms./DIV.
Conditions	Keep engine speed at 4,000 rpm with warm engine

MONITOR DESCRIPTION

The knock sensor, located on the cylinder block, detects spark knock. When spark knock occurs, the piezoelectric element of the sensor vibrates. When the ECM detects a voltage in this frequency range, it retards the ignition timing to suppress spark knock.

The ECM also senses background engine noise with the knock sensor and uses this noise to check for faults in the sensor. If the knock sensor signal level is too low for more than 10 seconds, or if the knock sensor output voltage is outside the normal range, the ECM interprets this as a fault in the knock sensor and sets a DTC.

MONITOR STRATEGY

Related DTCs	P0327: Knock sensor (Bank 1) open/short (Low voltage) P0328: Knock sensor (Bank 1) open/short (High voltage) P0332: Knock sensor (Bank 2) open/short (Low voltage) P0333: Knock sensor (Bank 2) open/short (High voltage)
Required Sensors/Components (Main)	Knock sensor (Bank 1 and 2)
Required Sensors/Components (Related)	-
Frequency of Operation	Continuous
Duration	1 second
MIL Operation	Immediate
Sequence of Operation	None

TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS

Monitor runs whenever following DTCs are not present	None
Battery voltage	10.5 V or more
Time after engine start	5 seconds or more
Engine switch	ON
Starter	OFF

TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS

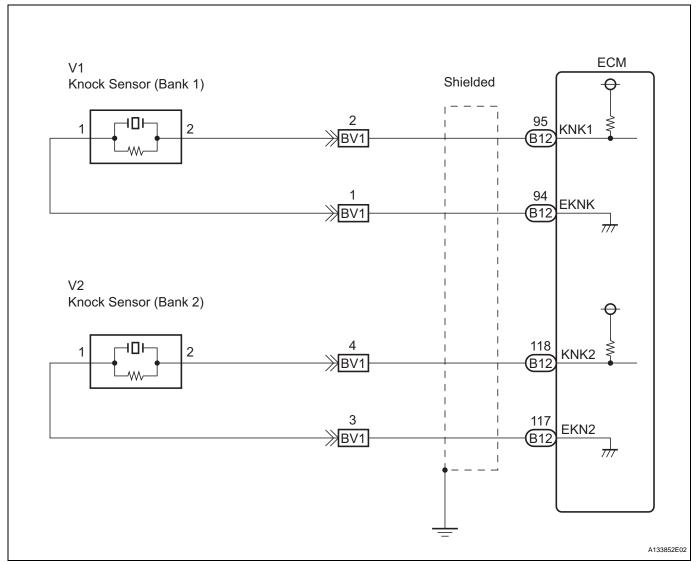
Knock Sensor Range Check (Low voltage) P0327 and P0332:

Knock sensor voltage	Less than 0.5 V
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Knock Sensor Range Check (High voltage) P0328 and P0333:

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Knock sensor voltage	More than 4.5 V	

WIRING DIAGRAM



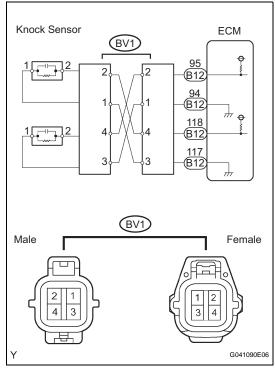
INSPECTION PROCEDURE

HINT:

- DTCs P0327 and P0328 are for the bank 1 knock sensor circuit.
- DTCs P0332 and P0333 are for the bank 2 knock sensor circuit.
- Read freeze frame data using the intelligent tester. The ECM records vehicle and driving condition
 information as freeze frame data the moment a DTC is stored. When troubleshooting, freeze frame
 data can be helpful in determining whether the vehicle was running or stopped, whether the engine
 was warmed up or not, whether the air-fuel ratio was lean or rich, as well as other data recorded at the
 time of a malfunction (See page ES-41).

ES

1 READ OUTPUT DTC (CHECK KNOCK SENSOR CIRCUIT)



- (a) Disconnect the BV1 connector.
- (b) Using lead wires, connect the connectors as follows:

Male Connector - Female Connector
Terminal 2 - Terminal 4
Terminal 1 - Terminal 3
Terminal 4 - Terminal 2
Terminal 3 - Terminal 1

- (c) Warm up the engine.
- (d) Run the engine at 3,000 rpm for 10 seconds or more.
- (e) Connect the intelligent tester to the DLC3.
- (f) Turn the engine switch on (IG) and turn the intelligent tester on.
- (g) Enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / DTC INFO / CURRENT CODES.
- (h) Read the DTCs.

Result

Display	Proceed to
DTCs same as when vehicle brought in: P0327, P0328 → P0327, P0328 or P0332, P0333 → P0332, P0333	А
DTCs different from when vehicle brought in: P0327, P0328 \rightarrow P0332, P0333 or P0332, P0333 \rightarrow P0327, P0328	В

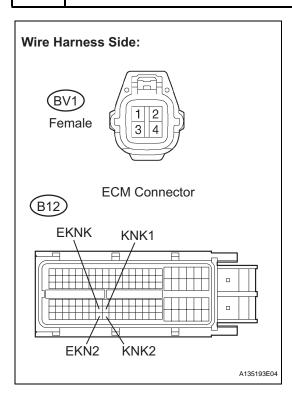
(i) Reconnect the BV1 connector.

В

Go to step 4



2 CHECK WIRE HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (CONNECTOR - ECM)



- (a) Disconnect the BV1 connector.
- (b) Disconnect the B12 ECM connector.
- (c) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
BV1 female connector 2 - KNK1 (B12-95)	Below 1 Ω
BV1 female connector 1 - EKNK (B12-94)	Below 1 Ω
BV1 female connector 4 - KNK2 (B12-118)	Below 1 Ω
BV1 female connector 3 - EKN2 (B12-117)	Below 1 Ω

Standard resistance (Check for short)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
BV1 female connector 2 or KNK1 (B12-95) - Body ground	10 kΩ or higher
BV1 female connector 1 or EKNK (B12-94) - Body ground	10 kΩ or higher
BV1 female connector 4 or KNK2 (B12-118) - Body ground	10 kΩ or higher
BV1 female connector 3 or EKN2 (B12-117) - Body ground	10 kΩ or higher

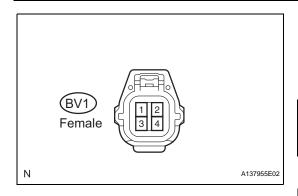
- (d) Reconnect the BV1 connector.
- (e) Reconnect the ECM connector.



REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

OK

3 INSPECT ECM



- (a) Disconnect the BV1 connector.
- (b) Turn the engine switch on (IG).
- (c) Measure the voltage according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard voltage

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
BV1 female connector 2 - 1	4.5 to 5.5 V
BV1 female connector 4 - 3	4.5 to 5.5 V

(d) Reconnect the ECM connector.

NG >

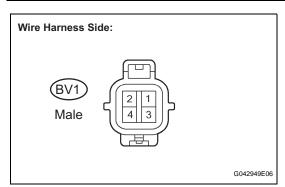
REPLACE ECM (See page ES-543)

ОК

CHECK FOR INTERMITTENT PROBLEMS

ES

4 INSPECT KNOCK SENSOR



- (a) Disconnect the BV1 connector.
- (b) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard resistance

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
BV1 male connector 1 - 2	120 to 280 k Ω
BV1 male connector 3- 4	120 to 280 k Ω

(c) Reconnect the BV1 connector.



CHECK FOR INTERMITTENT PROBLEMS



CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (CONNECTOR - KNOCK SENSOR)

HINT:

- If DTC P0327 or P0328 has changed to P0332 or P0333, check the knock sensor circuit on the right bank side.
- If DTC P0332 or P0333 has changed to P0327 or P0328, check the knock sensor circuit on the left bank side.
- (a) Disconnect the BV1 connector.
- (b) Disconnect the V1 and V2 knock sensor connectors.
- (c) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard resistance (Check for open)

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
BV1 male connector 2 - V1-2	Below 1 Ω
BV1 male connector 1 - V1-1	Below 1 Ω
BV1 male connector 4 - V2-2	Below 1 Ω
BV1 male connector 3 - V2-1	Below 1 Ω

Standard resistance (Check for short)

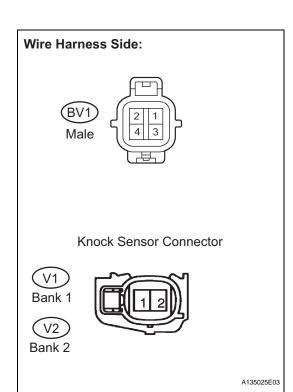
Tester Connection	Specified Condition
BV1 male connector 2 or V1-2 - Body ground	10 kΩ or higher
BV1 male connector 1 or V1-1 - Body ground	10 kΩ or higher
BV1 male connector 4 or V2-2 - Body ground	10 kΩ or higher
BV1 male connector 3 or V2-1 - Body ground	10 kΩ or higher

- (d) Reconnect the BV1 connector.
- (e) Reconnect the knock sensor connectors.



REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

LO



OK

REPLACE KNOCK SENSOR (See page ES-525)